

ABSTRACT

The disclosure includes a velocity intensifying system including a fluid medium that is circulating within an enclosed main fluid course. The main fluid course consists of a tubular structure having a predetermined diameter. The fluid medium is circulated by a bi-pass tubular arrangement having a pump therein. The pump has an inlet tube connected to the main course that has a diameter size less than the diameter size of the main course. The outlet tube from the pump has a diameter size that is less than the inlet tube to the pump. The outlet tube from the pump drives a helix which is located within the main course of the system which contains the water. The helix drives a shaft of a generator which is located on the exterior of the main course. The ever decreasing sizes of the tubes leading from one end of the main circuit to another, the volume of fluid within the system will drive subsequent elements at increasing speeds to thereby obtain a more energy output than an energy initially required.